Supplemental Data

Supplementary Table E1. Contributors. The USIDNET query provided information for 199 total patients with a diagnosis of CGD. Information was provided by 27 providers from 26 enrolling centers across the United States.

enrolling centers across the United S		0/
Institution Name	N	%
NIH/NHGRI/NIAID	113	56.8%
The Children's Hospital of	17	8.5%
Philadelphia		
Seattle Children's Hospital	7	3.5%
Mount Sinai School of Medicine	6	3.0%
USIDNET/Lurie Children's Hospital	6	3.0%
of Chicago		
Children's Hospital of	6	3.0%
Michigan/Wayne State Univ.		
Cincinnati Children's Hospital	6	3.0%
Medical Center		
University of Utah/Primary	5	2.5%
Children's Hospital		
University of California, San	4	2.0%
Francisco		
Advocate Children's Hospital	4	2.0%
University of Iowa	3	1.5%
Duke University Medical Center	2	1.0%
University of California, San	2	1.0%
Francisco		
Levine Children's Hospital	2	1.0%
University of Miami	2	1.0%
University of California, San	2	1.0%
Francisco		
University of California, San	1	0.5%
Francisco		
Nationwide Children's Hospital	1	0.5%
Emory University/Children's	1	0.5%
Healthcare of Atlanta		
Mayo Clinic	1	0.5%
Children's Hospital of Orange	1	0.5%
County		
Joe DiMaggio Children's	1	0.5%
Hospital/Memorial Healthcare		
Massachusetts General and USF	1	0.5%
Children's National	1	0.5%
Washington University/St. Louis	1	0.5%
Children's Hospital		
Allergy Partners of North Texas	1	0.5%
Children's Hospital of Minnesota	1	0.5%
University of South Florida/All	1	0.5%
Children's Hospital		
1		

Total 199 100%

Supplementary Table E2. Number of patients with missing demographic information (out of 194 total patients).

	IBD (n=96 pa	tients) Non-IBD	(n=98 patients)
DOB	0	0	
Living or Dead	2	3	
Age of Death	1	0	
Onset of Symptoms	23	30	
Age diagnosed	18	33	
Genetic mutation	12	12	
Unknown ethnicity	9	12	

Supplementary Table E3. Cohort mortality.

	Age of	Ethnicity and	Genetic
Subject ID	Cause of Death	HSCT	IBD
	Death	Sex	Mutation

10004	2.5	Hispanic/Latino Male	Unknown	Infection	No	Yes
8246	4.8	White/Caucasian Male	CYBB (gp91-phox)	Acute GVHD/multiple organ failure	Yes	Yes
3819	6.2	White/Caucasian Male	CYBB (gp91-phox)	- Aplasia - Disseminated HHV6 with limbic encephalitis	Yes	No
10331	10.3	Unknown Male	Unknown	Unknown	No	No
3464	15.8	White/Caucasian Male	Unknown	Complication from HSCT	Yes	Yes
2322	17	Unknown Male	CYBB (gp91-phox)	Car accident	No	No
9058	19.3	White/Caucasian Male	CYBB (gp91-phox)	Progressive pulmonary infiltrates and hyperemic respiratory failure	Yes	Yes
10334	19.7	Unknown Male	CYBA (p22phox)	Arrest during pneumonectomy with massive hemorrhage	No	No
1431	23.9	White/Caucasian Male	CYBB (gp91-phox)	Paecilomyces pneumonia	No	No
6971	23.9	White/Caucasian Male	CYBA (p22phox)	- Post-HSCT GVHD - Multiple infections: CMV, <i>C. diff</i> , BK cystitis, <i>Legionella</i> peritonitis, <i>Candida</i> glabrata fungemia, VRE bacteremia, end stage nephropathy, refractory thrombocytopenia, respiratory failure	Yes	No
3762	24.5	White/Caucasian Male	CYBB (gp91-phox)	- Hepatocellular carcinoma - Hemorrhage	No	Yes
3892	26.1	Black/African American Male	CYBB (gp91-phox)	-Sepsis	No	No

10900	31.6	Unknown Male	-Refractory hypoxemia -Renal and hepatic failure		Yes	No
10333	33	Unknown Male	CYBB (gp91-phox)	-Uremia, electrolyte abnormalities	Yes	Yes
7652	37.4	Black/African CYBB -Hypoxic respiratory failure s/p BMT		Yes	No	
6977	48.1	White/Caucasian Male	CYBA (p22phox)	-Malignancy -AV fistula and arterial clot	No	Yes
1430	Unknown (born in 1984)	White/Caucasian Female	CYBA (p22phox)	-Hemorrhage secondary to fungal infection	No	Yes

Supplementary Table E4. Patient genotype.

Gene	Overall	IBD	Non-IBD
Gene	(n=194)	(n=96)	(n=98)
CYBB gp91phox	63.4%	67.7%	59.2%
Male	121	63	58
Female	2	2	0
NCF1 p47phox	13.9%	10.4%	17.3%
Male	18	8	10
Female	9	2	7
CYBA p22phox	7.7%	6.3%	9.2%
Male	10	4	6
Female	5	2	3
NCF2 p67phox	2.6%	3.1%	2.0%
Male	2	0	2
Female	3	3	0
NCF4	0%	0%	0%
Male	0	0	0
Female	0	0	0
Unknown	12.4%	12.5% 11	12.2%
Male	18	1	7
Female	6		5

Supplementary Table E5. Other infections.
Supplementary Table E6. Additional prophylaxis*.

	IBD	Non-
Anti-infective		
		IBD
Acyclovir	10	8
Pentamidine	3	4
Meropenem	0	4
Levofloxacin	7	3
Isavuconazonium	5	3
Ciprofloxacin	3	3
Azithromycin	2	2

Vancomycin	2	2
Caspofungin	0	2
Amphotericin	1	2
Doxycycline	1	3
Fluconazole	4	1
Clindamycin	3	1
Cefdinir	2	1
Daptomycin	0	1
Amoxicillin clavulanate	2	2
Cefepime	0	1
Ceftriaxone	0	1
Cephalexin	1	1
Ciclopirox	0	1
Terbinafine	1	1
Micafungin	2	1
Dicloxacillin	0	1
Amoxicillin	2	0
Atovaquone	1	0
Clarithromycin	1	0
Rifaximin	1	0
Tedizolid	1	0
Posaconazole	1	0
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^{*}Drugs listed above were categorized as prophylaxis by the submitting USIDNET center and could be administered as "continuous," "intermittent," or "rotating" prophylaxis.

Supplementary Table E7. Immunomodulator drug therapies

Category	# Patients by Category (% of total CGD cohort) (n=194)	Drug	# Pa Total CGD Cohort (n=194)	ntients (% of each gr IBD (n=96)	Non-IBD (n=98)
IFN-gamma	80 (41.2%)	IFN-gamma	80 (41.2%)	40 (41.7%)	40 (40.8%)
Corticosteroids	80 (41.2%)	Corticosteroids	80 (41.2%)	60 (62.5%)	20 (20.4%)
		Sirolimus	20 (10.3%)	12 (12.5%)	8 (8.2%)
	51 (26.3%)	Mesalamine	18 (9.3%)	18 (18.8%)	0
Other		Tacrolimus	9 (4.6%)	6 (6.3%)	4 (4.1%)
		Sulfasalazine	1 (0.5%)	1 (1.0%)	0

		Balsalazide Cyclosporine	1 (0.5%)	1 (1.0%)	0
			` '		
		Thalidomide	1 (0.5%)	1 (1.0%)	0
		Azathioprine	9 (4.6%)	9 (9.4%)	0
		6-Mercaptopurine	8 (4.1%)	7 (7.3%)	1 (1.0%)
Antimetabolites/DMARDs	29 (14.9%)	Mycophenolate	5 (2.6%)	4 (4.2%)	1 (1.0%)
	29 (14.9%)	Hydroxychloroquine	4 (2.1%)	2 (2.1%)	2 (2.0%)
		Methotrexate	3 (1.5%)	2 (2.1%)	1 (1.0%)
		Vedolizumab	11 (5.7%)	11 (11.5%)	0
Other monoclonal antibodies	14 (7.2%)	Basiliximab	1 (0.5%)	1 (1.0%)	0
antibodies		Rituximab	5 (2.6%)	4 (4.2%)	1 (1.0%)
		Eculizumab	1 (0.5%)	0	1 (1.0%)
		TNF-alpha inhibitor	8 (4.1%)	7 (7.3%)	1 (1.0%)
Anti-cytokine monoclonal antibodies	14 (7.2%)	Anakinra	4 (2.1%)	3 (3.1%)	1 (1.0%)
antibotics		Ustekinumab	2 (1.0%)	2 (2.1%)	0
Small molecule/JAK inhibitor	5 (2.6%)	Ruxolitinib	1 (0.5%)	1 (1.0%)	0
		Total Occurrences	273	193	81